FMLA Definition of Serious Health Condition

A "serious health condition" means an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves one of the following:

1. Inpatient Care

Inpatient care (i.e., an overnight stay) in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility, including any period of incapacity or subsequent treatment in connection with or consequent to such inpatient care.

- 2. Incapacity of More Than 3 Consecutive Days <u>Plus</u> Continuing Treatment by a Health Care Provider A period of incapacity of more than three consecutive calendar days (including any subsequent treatment or period of incapacity relating to the same condition), that also involves:
 - (a) <u>Treatment two or more times</u> by a health care provider, by a nurse or physician's assistant under direct supervision of a health care provided, or by a provider of health care services (e.g., physical therapist) under orders of, or on referral by, a health care provider; OR
 - (b) <u>Treatment</u> by a health care provider on <u>at least one occasion</u> which results in <u>a regimen of continuing treatment</u> under the supervision of the health care provider (e.g., a course of prescription medication, or therapy requiring special equipment, to resolve or alleviate the health condition). Note: This does not include taking over-the-counter medications or activities that can be initiated without a visit to a health care provider (e.g., bed rest, exercise, drinking fluids).

3. Pregnancy

A period of incapacity due to pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions. This includes severe morning sickness and prenatal care.

(Covered under the FMLA only)

4. Chronic Conditions Requiring Treatment

A chronic condition which:

- a. Requires periodic visits for treatment by a health care provider, or by a nurse or physician's assistant under direct supervision of a health care provider;
- b. Continues over an extended period of time (including recurring episodes of a single underlying condition); and
- c. May cause episodic rather than a continuing period of incapacity (e.g., asthma, diabetes, epilepsy, etc.).

5. Permanent/Long-Term Conditions Requiring Supervision

A period of incapacity that is permanent or long-term due to a condition for which treatment may not be effective. The employee or family member must be under the continuing supervision of, but need not be receiving active treatment by, a health care provider. Examples include Alzheimer's, a severe stroke, or the terminal stages of a disease.

6. Multiple Treatments (Non-Chronic Conditions)

Any period of absence to receive multiple treatments (including any period of recovery therefrom) by a health care provider or by a provider of health care services under orders of, or on referral by, a health care provider, either for restorative surgery after an accident or other injury, or for a condition that would likely result in a period of incapacity of more than three consecutive calendar days in the absence of medical intervention or treatment, such as cancer (chemotherapy, radiation, etc.) severe arthritis (physical therapy), kidney disease (dialysis).

	orm one or more of the essential functions of her position without undussful completion of her pregnancy? No Yes
Effective Date:	Ending Date (Estimate):
Please specify specific essential func	s that employee may not perform within the beginning and ending date
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:	
Signature of Health Care Provider	Date

I certify that I am the physician providing care for the patient identified in this document and that the statements made by me are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Reference: Government Code sections 12935, subd. (a), 12940, 12945; FMLA, 29 U.S.C. §2601, et seq. and FMLA regulations 29 C.F.R §825

The Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (GINA) prohibits employers and other entities covered by GINA Title II from requesting or requiring genetic information of an individual or family member of the individual, except as specifically allowed by this law. To comply with this law, we are asking that you not provide any genetic information when responding to this request for medical information. "Genetic Information" as defined by GINA includes an individual's family medical history, the results of an individual's or family member's genetic tests, the fact that an individual or an individual's family member sought or received genetic services, and genetic information of a fetus carried by an individual or an individual's family member or an embryo lawfully held by an individual or family member receiving assistive reproductive services.

If natta	o, is the employee <u>una</u>	<u>able</u> to perform one or without undue risk to	herself, to of	hers, or the successful co	ompletion of her pregnancy?		
	_No Yes						
	s it medically advisab dition related to her p			ly transferred to another Yes	position due to a health		
If yes, what is the date the transfer became/will become medically advisable?							
What is the probable duration of the period(s) of need for a transfer?							
pos				a transfer) to be able to pasful completion of her p	perform the functions of her regnancy?		
Ple	ase describe your reco	mmended accommod	dation(s):				
5. \				ss? No Yes			
Nu	mber of anticipated do	Per Week	k P	er Month Number of h	Hours ours per visits		
6. I	s it medically advisab	le for the employee to	o work a red	uced schedule? No	Yes		
Ift	he employee needs a r	educed schedule, esti	imate the par	t-time or reduced work	schedule the employee needs:		
En	nployee should work n	o more than:		_ Hour(s) per day	Days per week		
	Beginning Date:	- ,	Ending _ Date:	-	_		
 Is it medically advisable for the employee to take leave on an intermittent basis for periods of inc medical treatment? No Yes If so estimate the frequency of the need for intermittent leave and the duration of incapacity to pe duties: 							
Duration of flare-ups per □ hours or □ days							
8.	 Is employee unable to perform work of any kind without undue risk to herself, others or the successful completion of her pregnancy? No Yes 						
Effective Date: Ending Date (Estimate):							

Certification of Health Care Provider for Employee's Pregnancy Disability California Disability Leave Law ("PDL") and Federal Family & Medical Leave Act (FMLA)

INSTRUCTIONS to EMPLOYEE: You are required to submit a timely, complete, and sufficient medical certification to support your request for PDL leave due to your pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical condition. Providing this completed form is required to obtain (or retain) the benefit of PDL protections for your leave. Failure to provide a complete and sufficient medical certification to your employer may result in a delay or denial of your leave request. You should return this completed form as soon as practicable, but no later than ______. You may return the form in person, by mail, or by fax. The fax number is You should include a fax cover sheet marked "CONFIDENTIAL" and address ,,, _____• your fax to "ATTENTION: SECTION I = To be completed by EMPLOMER Employee's name: Name and contact information of District's representative: Employee's job title: Employee's regular work schedule: Check if job description is attached: SECTION II To be completed by HEALITH CARE PROVIDER INSTRUCTIONS to the HEALTH CARE PROVIDER: Your patient (our employee) has requested leave under the PDL due to a health condition related to her pregnancy or childbirth. Please answer, fully and completely, all applicable parts. Your answers should be based upon your medical knowledge, experience, and examination of the employee. Be sure to sign and date the form on page 2. NOTE: DO NOT DISCLOSE ANY UNDERLYING DIAGNOSES WITHOUT THE PATIENT'S CONSENT. Provider's name and business address: 1. Approximate date the employee became disabled by pregnancy, childbirth or related medical condition: Probable duration of period(s) of disability: 2. Use the information provided by the employer in Section I to answer these questions. If no job description is provided, the employer fails to provide a job description, answer these questions based upon the employee's own description of her job functions. Is the employee unable to perform work of any kind without undue risk to herself, to others, or the successful

completion of her pregnancy? No Yes